

### General Description

The AO4466 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$  and low gate charge. This device is suitable for use as a load switch or in PWM applications. The source leads are separated to allow a Kelvin connection to the source, which may be used to bypass the source inductance.

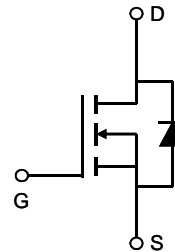
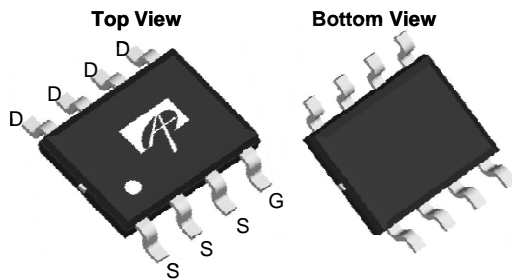
### Product Summary

$V_{DS}$  (V) = 30V  
 $I_D$  = 10A ( $V_{GS} = 10V$ )  
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 23m\Omega$  ( $V_{GS} = 10V$ )  
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 35m\Omega$  ( $V_{GS} = 4.5V$ )

100% UIS Tested  
 100% Rg Tested



SOIC-8



### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>AF</sup>	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	10	A
	$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	7	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>B</sup>	$I_{DM}$	64	
Power Dissipation	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	3.1	W
	$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	2	
Avalanche Current <sup>B, G</sup>	$I_{AR}$	12	A
Repetitive avalanche energy 0.1mH <sup>B, G</sup>	$E_{AR}$	7	mJ
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	34	40	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>		Steady-State	62	75
Maximum Junction-to-Lead <sup>C</sup>	$R_{\theta JL}$	18	24	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	30			V
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=30$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			1 5	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}$ , $V_{GS}=\pm 20\text{V}$			100	nA
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ , $I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.5	2.1	2.6	V
$I_{D(ON)}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	64			A
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}$ , $I_D=10\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		16.7	23	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}$ , $I_D=5\text{A}$		23.7	35	$\text{m}\Omega$
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}$ , $I_D=10\text{A}$		17		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.75	1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				2.4	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=15\text{V}$ , $f=1\text{MHz}$	298	373	448	pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance		46	67	88	pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		24	41	58	pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=0\text{V}$ , $f=1\text{MHz}$	0.6	1.8	2.8	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=15\text{V}$ , $I_D=10\text{A}$	5.7	7.1	8.6	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge		2.7	3.5	4.2	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge			1.2		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			1.6		nC
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=15\text{V}$ , $R_L=1.5\Omega$ , $R_{GEN}=3\Omega$		4.3		ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			2.8		ns
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			15.8		ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			3		ns
$t_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=10\text{A}$ , $dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	8.4	10.5	12.6	ns
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=10\text{A}$ , $dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	3.6	4.5	5.4	nC
$t_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=10\text{A}$ , $dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	4.7	6.0	7.2	ns
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=10\text{A}$ , $dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	5.3	6.6	8	nC

A: The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1 in 2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C: The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead  $R_{\theta JL}$  and lead to ambient.

D: The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using  $<300\mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E: These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in 2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

F: The current rating is based on the  $t \leq 10\text{s}$  junction to ambient thermal resistance rating.

G:  $L=100\mu\text{H}$ ,  $V_{DD}=0\text{V}$ ,  $R_G=0\Omega$ , rated  $V_{DS}=30\text{V}$  and  $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

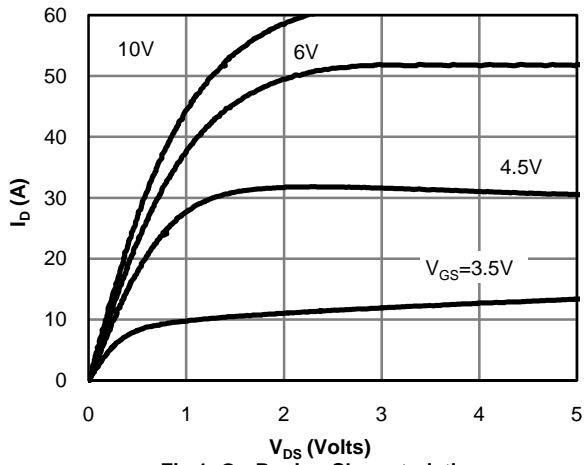


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

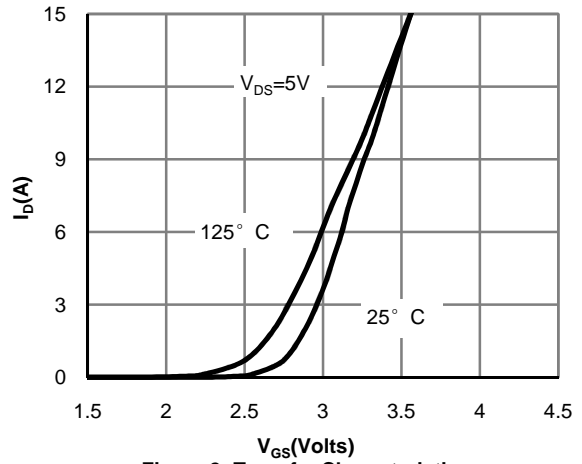


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

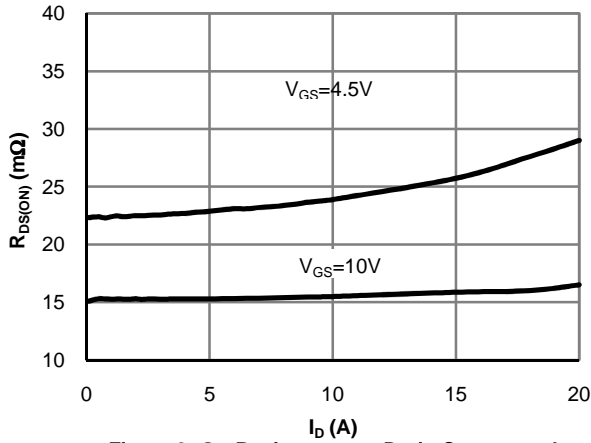


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

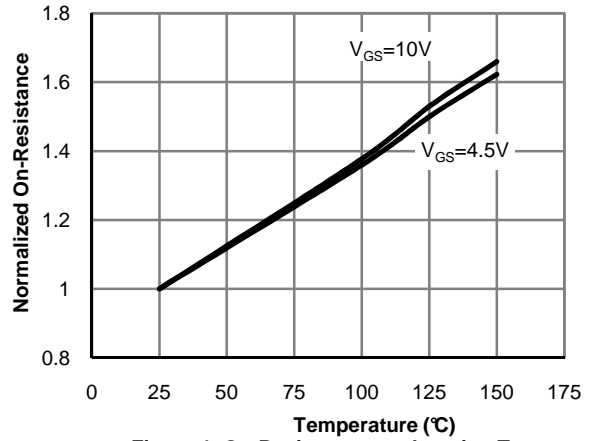


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

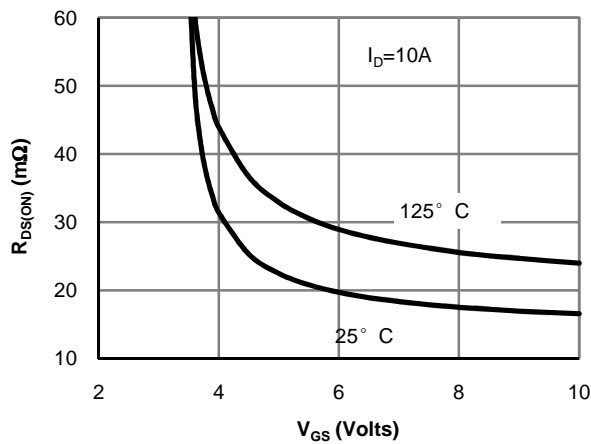


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

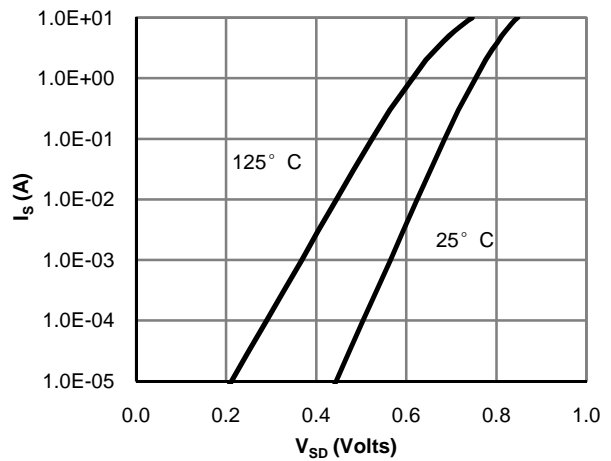


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

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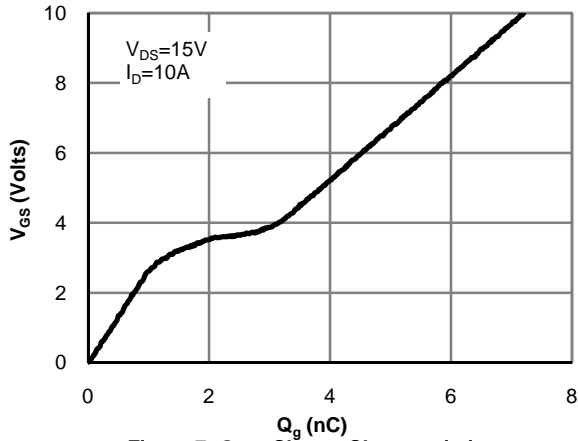


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

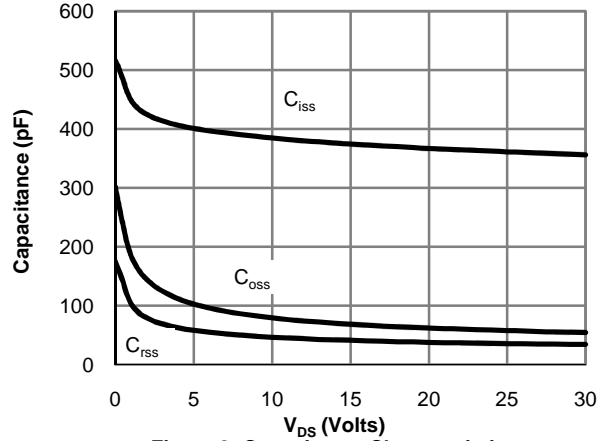


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

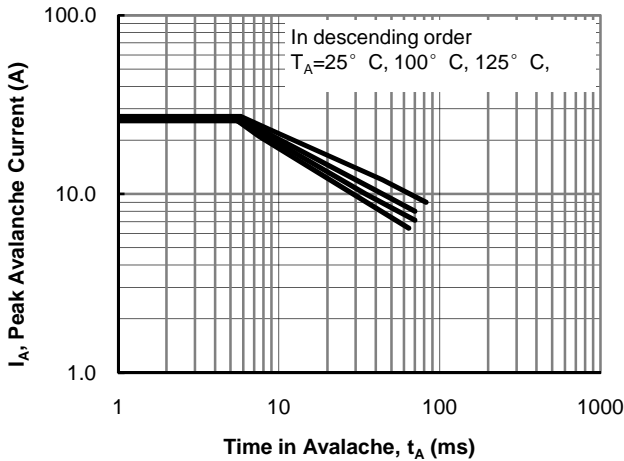


Figure 9: Single Pulse Avalanche Capability

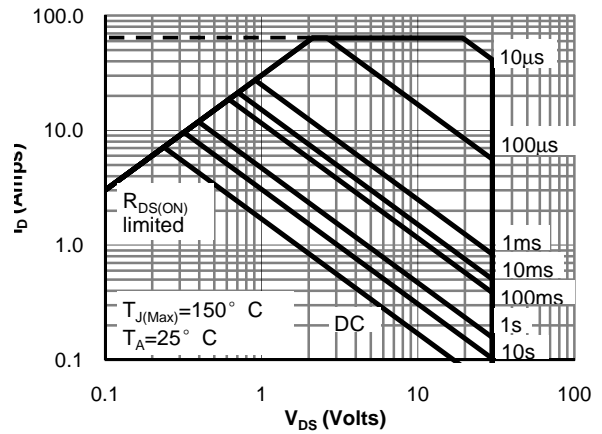


Figure 10: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

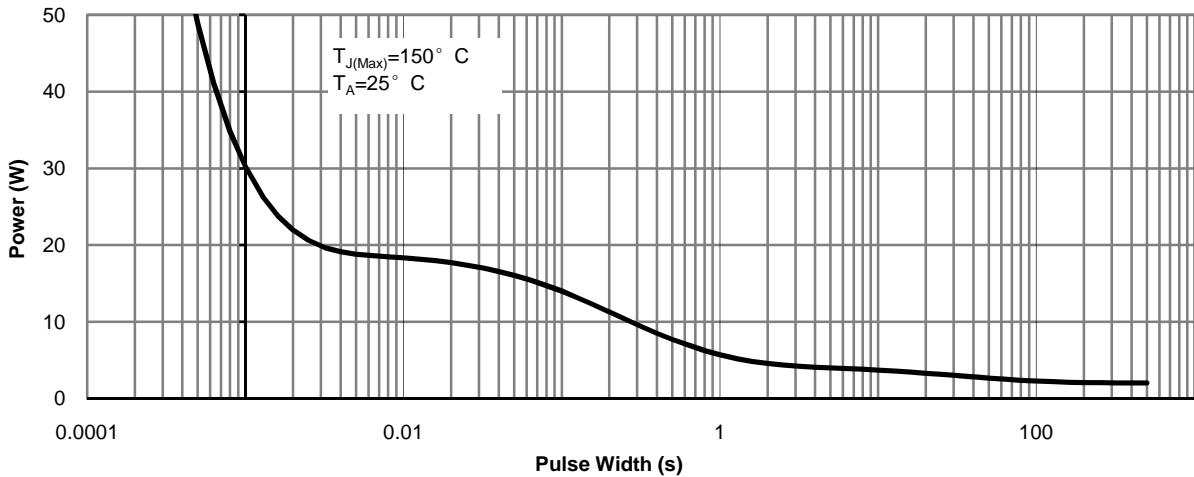
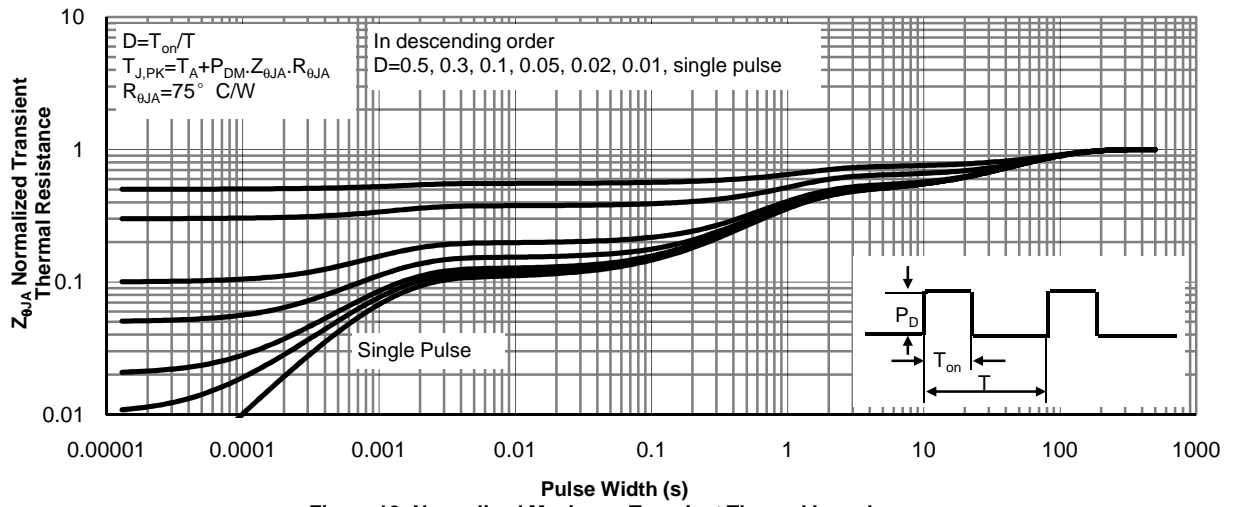
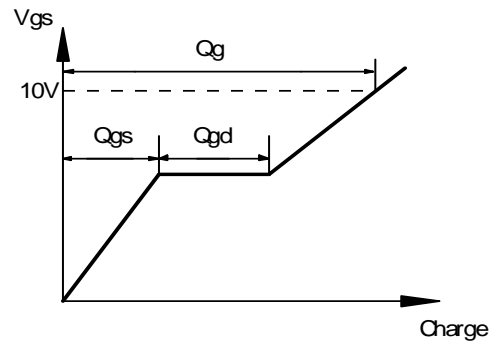
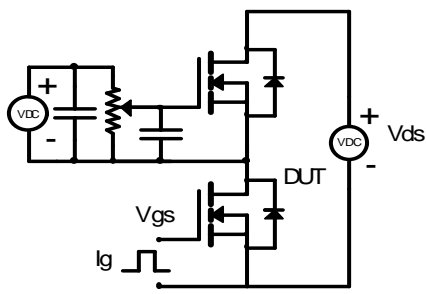


Figure 11: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note E)

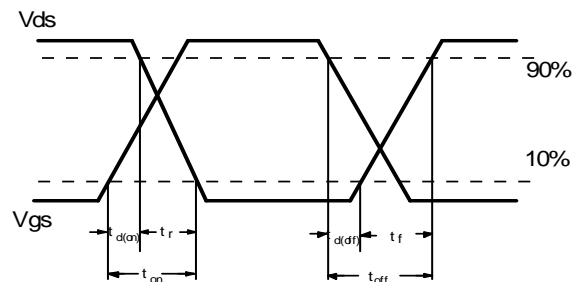
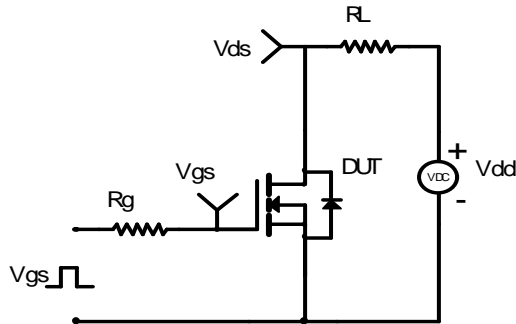
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



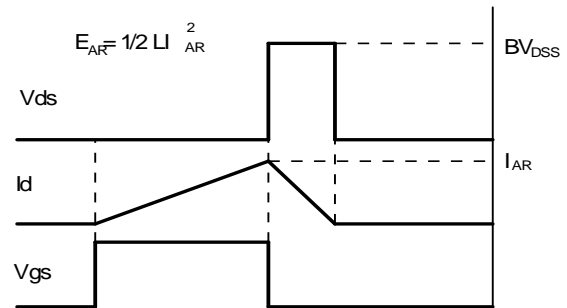
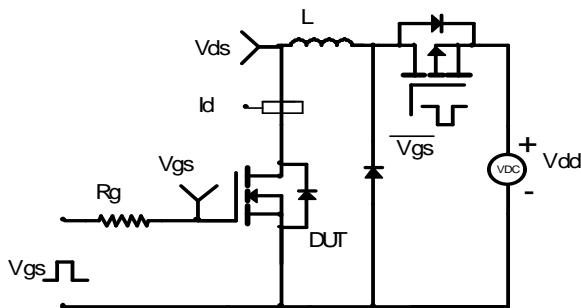
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

